

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-Survivin/BIRC5 Antibody	
Gene Name	BIRC5	
Source	Rabbit	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, FCM	
Contents	500 ug/ml; Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Survivin	
concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Affinity-chromatography	
Observed MW	16-18KD	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB): 1:500-2000 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section (IHC): 1:20-100 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF): 1:20-100 Immunoprecipitation: 1:20 Flow cytometry (FCM): 1:20	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied. 6 months 2 to 8°C after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Background Information

Survivin, also called baculoviral inhibitor of apoptosis repeat-containing 5 or BIRC5, is a protein that, in humans, is encoded by the BIRC5 gene. Survivin is a member of the inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) family. The survivin gene contains 4 exons. The survivin gene is mapped to chromosome 17q25 by pulsed field gel electrophoresis and single- and 2-color FISH. The survivin protein functions to inhibit caspase activation, thereby leading to negative regulation of apoptosis or programmed cell death. The survivin protein is expressed highly in most human tumours and fetal tissue, but is completely absent in terminally differentiated cells.

Selected Validation Data

Western blot analysis of Survivin in Jurkat cell lysate.

