

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-Alpha E-Catenin/CTNNA1 Antibody	
Gene Name	CTNNA1	
Source	Rabbit	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, IHC-F, ICC/IF, FCM	
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS , 0.02% NaN ₃ , 1 mg BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	E.coli-derived human CTNNA1 recombinant protein (Position: D143-D292). Human CTNNA1 shares 98% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse CTNNA1.	
concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.	
Observed MW	100KD	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot(WB):	1:500-2000
	Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section (IHC):	1:50-400
	Immunohistochemistry in frozen section (IHC-F):	1:50-400
	Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF):	1:50-400
	Flow cytometry (FCM):	1-3 μ g/1x10 ⁶ cells
	(Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer,pH6.0,or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied. 6 months 2 to 8°C after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Background Information

CTNNA1, also known as Catenin alpha-1 or Catenin (cadherin-associated protein), alpha 1, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the CTNNA1 gene. It is mapped to 5q31.2. When surface epithelium CTNNA1 was ablated, hair follicle development was blocked and epidermal morphogenesis was dramatically affected, with defects in adherens junction formation, intercellular adhesion, and epithelial polarity. In vitro, CTNNA1 null keratinocytes were poorly contact inhibited and grew rapidly. These differences were not dependent upon intercellular adhesion and were in marked contrast to keratinocytes conditionally null for another essential intercellular adhesion protein, desmoplakin Knockout keratinocytes exhibited sustained activation of the Ras-MAPK cascade due to aberrations in growth factor responses. It is concluded that features of precancerous lesions often attributed to defects in cell cycle regulatory genes can be generated by compromising the function of CTNNA1.

Selected Validation Data



Figure 1. Western blot analysis of CTNNA1 using anti-CTNNA1 antibody (PB9137). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. Lane 1: Recombinant Human CTNNA1 Protein 0.5ng. After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-CTNNA1 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # PB9137) at 0.5 μ g/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for CTNNA1 at approximately 47KD. The expected band size for CTNNA1 is at 47KD.

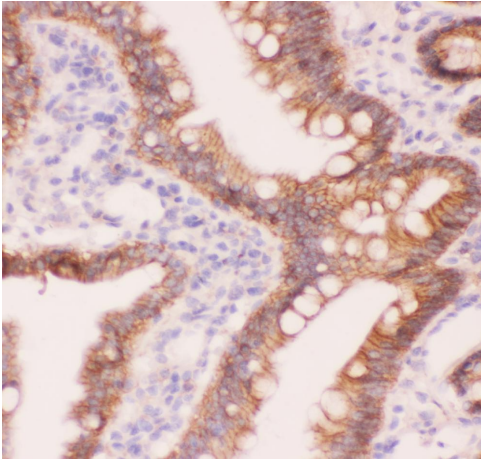


Figure 3. IHC analysis of CTNNA1 using anti-CTNNA1 antibody (PB9137).CTNNA1 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of rat intestine tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1 μ g/ml rabbit anti-CTNNA1 Antibody (PB9137) overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC)(Catalog # SA1022) with DAB as the chromogen.

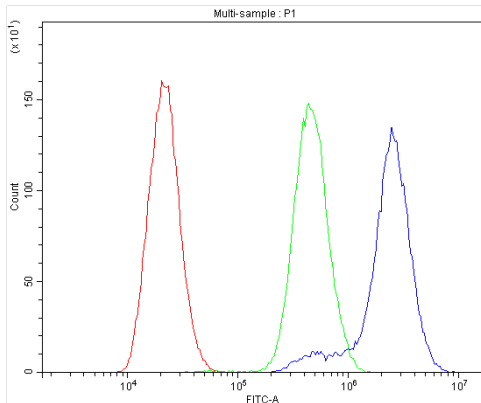


Figure 6. Flow Cytometry analysis of U-87 cells using anti-CTNNA1 antibody (PB9137).Overlay histogram showing U-87 cells stained with PB9137 (Blue line).The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with rabbit anti-CTNNA1 Antibody (PB9137,1 μ g/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 20 $^{\circ}$ C. DyLight $\text{\textcircled{R}}$ 488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (BA1127, 5-10 μ g/1x10⁶ cells) was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20 $^{\circ}$ C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG (1 μ g/1x10⁶) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

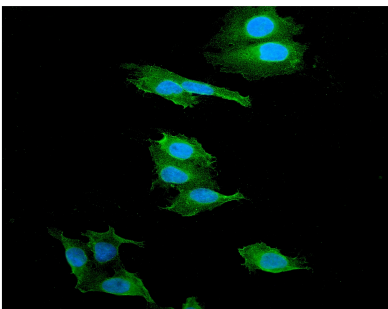


Figure 7. ICC analysis using anti- CTNNA1 antibody (PB9137) was detected in immersion fixed U2OS cell line . Cells were stained using the Dylight488-conjugated Anti-rabbit IgG Secondary Antibody (green)(Catalog # BA1127) and counterstained with DAPI (blue).